## Unlocking the **Power of** Warehouse Allocation

Optimizing task dispatching for cost efficiency Ben Chen



XAirflow Summit Let's flow together

> September 19-21, 2023, Toronto, Canada

#### Meet the guide



#### **Ben Chen**

Data Engineering Manager at **Vestiaire Collective** 

Background:

- DS / ML  $\rightarrow$  DE
- Data Platforming
- Retail

#### Vestiaire Collective: A Snapshot

Marketplace for authenticated designer second hand fashion.

20M+ users

**100+** Data use cases

Customer insights, Business perf, Forecast...



#### **Evolution of Airflow at Vestiaire Collective** V.

How Growth Led to Longer Execution Time

	DAGs	Tasks	🌼 Jobs (TI)	P95 Execution Time
2020	100	8k	5k (63%)	🌼 3 mins 🗙 10 mins
2023				

- Daily Active DAGs
- SF: 2020 vs 2023
- DBT: 2021 vs 2023 4

#### **Identify the Bottleneck**

Why the Challenge is BEYOND Airflow



#### **Initial Steps and Planning**

To build or not to build...

- What do we want to tackle?
- Management / Self-service?
- How to measure success?
- Alternative...?

#### **Initial Steps and Planning**



#### **Strategies to Tackle the Problem**

Turning Ideas into Action

- What do we want to improve?
- Prevent:

**Queuing & Runtime** 

- Queuing for the ticket
- Adding task to a congested warehouses
- More flexible way to intervene
- Cost saving



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HOOK: Airflow Primitive Component

#### What is hook?

- High-level interface to an external platform that lets you quickly and easily talk to them without having to write low-level code.
  - Example: Snowflake hook, http hook, kubernetes hook, etc
- Use a predefined connection to instantiate a hook
  - Connection: is essentially set of parameters such as username, password and hostname.



1 <b>def</b> 2	<pre>get_db_hook(self) → "SnowflakeHook": """</pre>
	create and return SnowflakeHook.
	override parent method
6	<pre>warehouse = self.get_warehouse()</pre>
8	return SnowflakeHook(
9	<pre>snowflake_hook_id=self.snowflake_hook_id,</pre>
	warehouse=warehouse,
	database=self.database,
	role=self.role,
	<pre>schema=self.schema,</pre>
	<pre>authenticator=self.authenticator,</pre>
	<pre>session_parameters=self.session_parameters,</pre>
6	)

Execute a pre-defined query to get optimal warehouse from Snowflake table based on some historical data.

Initialize the hook with a ••• new warehouse, instead of the predefined one.

WENS: Introduction.

## 1. What is WENS?

WENS = acronym(Warehouse Allocation Service and Rule Engine)

#### 2. What Powers WENS?

- Python
- FastAPI
- Postgres Database

# Design and Implementation WENS: Airflow x WENS in Action





ALGORITHM: Warehouse Allocation Rules

#### **Example Allocation Rules:**

- Queue Score: QS = Max(<u>Running Queuing</u>, 0)
- Assigns task to the WH with the lowest QS



#### **Bottom Line**

Quantifying Our Achievements



Data Source:

- 2023 Q1 vs. 2023 Q2 + Q3
- Snowflake Operator vs. AutoAllocatedSnowflakeOperator
- Only success jobs are taken into consideration



Credits Usage: 10%

#### Takeaways

Reflecting On Our Journey

#### 1. The Importance of Data Analytics

Know your Airflow meta-database!

#### 2. The Role of Dispatching Algorithm

Creativity + Deep subject knowledge = Success

#### 3. The **Potentials** and the **values**

Experiment with Airflow customization and creating your own service.



#### Let's connect! Ben Chen linkedin.com/in/benbenbang