# Seamless Integration: Building Applications That Leverage Airflow's Database Migration Framework

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## Airflow metadata Database

#### Backbone:

- SQLAlchemy (models)
- Alembic (migrations)

#### Targets:

- Postgres
- MySQL
- (SQLite for dev/test)

### Airflow DB migrations: where • how

Location: airflow/migrations/versions/

State table: alembic\_version (tracks current revision)

Use cases: first-run init, schema changes across

upgrades/downgrades

```
# migrate to latest
airflow db migrate
# migrate to a version
airflow db migrate -n 3.1.0
# check migrations done
airflow db check-migrations
# rollback example
airflow db downgrade -n 2.7.0
# reset
airflow db reset
```

### Airflow 2.x: What airflow db commands Actually Migrate

#### In scope

Core Airflow metadata schema (Alembic migrations in core)

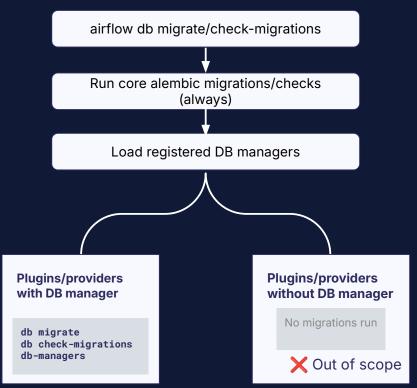
#### **Out of scope**

- Provider/plugin-defined tables
- Non-core schemas must ship/run their own migrations (no auto-discovery)

#### **Implication**

• Startup wait for migrations, applies only to core. Airflow components wait for core DB migrations, not your provider's/plugin's migrations.

# Airflow 3: When do airflow db commands run non-core migrations?





### When to add a DB Manager (Provider/Plugin)

#### Add a DB Manager if...

- Your provider/plugin owns tables (or modifies its own schema) inside the Airflow metadata DB.
- You want airflow to wait for your migrations to be done via airflow db check-migrations (and invoke them during db migrate).

#### You don't need it if...

- You don't create tables (use only core models).
- Your state lives in an external service DB (outside Airflow's metadata DB).

#### **Decision rule**

• If you own schema in Airflow's metadata DB  $\rightarrow$  define a DB Manager. Otherwise  $\rightarrow$  skip it.

# How do we integrate providers/plugins migrations in Airflow?

### Demo app for this talk

A simple plugin including a listener plugin that mocks creating a ticket for every failed dag and logs these tickets with their URL in a database table (that's why we need a custom db manager!).

#### Github:

https://github.com/ephraimbuddy/ticketing

Scan the QR code or use this link to open it on any device



### alembic init migrations



Replace the new alembic.ini with Airflow's alembic.ini file

\*Airflow's alembic.ini file is located at airflow-core/src/airflow/alembic.ini

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alembic revision -m "Placeholder migration"

#### ticketing/migrations/versions/d759c6d30f5a\_placeholder\_migration.py

```
"""placeholder migration
Revision ID: d759c6d30f5a
Revises:
Create Date: 2025-09-27 08:49:48.267152
from typing import Sequence, Union
revision: str = "d759c6d30f5a"
down_revision: Union[str, None] = None
branch_labels: Union[str, Sequence[str], None] = None
depends_on: Union[str, Sequence[str], None] = None
def upgrade() -> None:
    pass
def downgrade() -> None:
    pass
```

# Use Airflow's schema and naming conventions

#### ticketing/models.py

```
from airflow.configuration import conf
from airflow.models.base import naming_convention
SQL_ALCHEMY_SCHEMA = conf.get("database", "SQL ALCHEMY SCHEMA")
def _get_schema() -> str | None:
    """Return the schema to use."""
    if not SQL ALCHEMY SCHEMA or SQL ALCHEMY SCHEMA.isspace():
        return None
    return SQL_ALCHEMY_SCHEMA
metadata = MetaData(schema=_get_schema(), naming_convention=naming_convention)
mapper_registry = registry(metadata=metadata)
Base = mapper_registry.generate_base()
Base.metadata = metadata
class DagRunTicket(Base):
```

# Implement a custom DB manager

#### ticketing/db\_manager.py

```
from airflow.utils.db manager import BaseDBManager
class DRTDBManager(BaseDBManager):
    metadata = Base.metadata
    version_table_name = "alembic_version_drt"
    migration_dir = (PACKAGE_DIR / "migrations").as_posix()
    alembic_file = (PACKAGE_DIR / "alembic.ini").as_posix()
    supports_table_dropping = True
    revision heads map = REVISION HEADS MAP
    def upgradedb(...):
    def downgrade(...):
```

# Use the base metadata

```
from ticketing.models import Base
...

class DRTDBManager(BaseDBManager):
    metadata = Base.metadata
...
```

# Unique version table name

```
class DRTDBManager(BaseDBManager):
    ...
    supports_table_dropping = True
    ...
```

```
_REVISION_HEADS_MAP: dict[str, str] = {
   "0.1.0": "d759c6d30f5a",
class DRTDBManager(BaseDBManager):
    revision_heads_map = _REVISION_HEADS_MAP
```

# Linking the custom DB manager to the alembic migrations

```
from ticketing.db_manager import DRTDBManager
version_table = DRTDBManager.version_table_name
. . .
target_metadata = DRTDBManager.metadata
```

```
def include_object(object, name, type_, reflected, compare_to):
    if type_ == "table" and name not in target_metadata.tables:
        return False
    return True
```

```
context.configure(
        target_metadata=target_metadata,
        version_table=version_table,
        include_object=include_object,
```

```
if config.config_file_name is not None:
    fileConfig(config.config_file_name)
```



if not getLogger().handlers and config.config\_file\_name:
 fileConfig(config.config\_file\_name, disable\_existing\_loggers=False)

```
ticketing git:(main) tree ticketing
ticketing
   alembic.ini
   db_manager.py
   listener.py
   migrations
     env.py
      README
      script.py.mako
      versions
      models.py
   plugin.py
3 directories, 10 files
```

# Linking the app DBManager to Airflow

```
[database]
external_db_managers = "ticketing.db_manager.DRTDBManager, path.to.another.dbmanager"
```

### **Summary: Enabling Non-Core Migrations**

- 1 Initialized Alembic for the plugin schema.
- Implemented a DB Manager that points to that Alembic environment
- 3 Registered the DB Manager so Airflow can discover it.

Note: If your plugin doesn't own tables, you don't need a DB Manager.

### **Possibilities**

airflow db check-migrations will wait for your apps migration

**airflow db migrate** will run your app's db migration

**X** airflow db downgrade will not run your app's db migration

### **DB Manager Commands**

```
root@4b1caeb0d3a7:/opt/airflow# airflow db-manager --help
Usage: airflow db-manager [-h] COMMAND ...
Manage externally connected database managers
Positional Arguments:
  COMMAND
    downgrade
             Downgrade the schema of the external metadata database.
             Migrates the specified external database to the latest version
   migrate
             Burn down and rebuild the specified external database
    reset
Options:
  -h, --help show this help message and exit
```

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airflow db-manager migrate "ticketing.db\_manager.DRTDBManager" --to-version 0.1.0

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airflow db-manager downgrade "ticketing.db\_manager.DRTDBManager" --to-version 0.0.1

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FAB provider is another example implementation of this integration

#### Scan to access the demo App for the talk

# Questions?



# The 2025 Apache Airflow® Survey is here!

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Fundamentals or DAG Authoring in
Airflow 3 certification code

